

Date of Revision: April 1, 2025

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name 1% Inhibited Methanol

Synonyms None

Product Use Alcohol Solvent, Various Use

Restriction on Use None identified Manufacturer/Supplier CFR Chemicals

38451 Range Road 22

County of Red Deer T4E 2N6

General Assistance 1 (877) 269-3419

Emergency Telephone 613-966-6666 (CANUTEC 24 Hour Phone Number)

Date of Preparation of SDS April 1, 2017

Section 2 – Hazard Identification

Signal Word GHS Pictogram(s)

Danger



Hazard Statement:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 +H311 +H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary Statement

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surface, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking

P233 Keep Container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use non sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do no breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P302 + P352 +P312 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician

if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair) Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, rinse skin

with water (or shower).



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P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call

a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P321 Specific Treatment (see label)

P330 Rinse mouth.

P361 + P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

P235 Keep Cool.

P403 + P233 Store in well-ventilated place. Keep contained tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal unit.

GHS Classification Flammable liquids (Category 2)

Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 3)
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3)
Acute Toxicity, Dermal (Category 3)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1)

HMIS Classification

Health Hazard 2
Chronic Health Hazard *
Flammability 3
Physical Hazards 0

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.Skin Toxic if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eye May cause eye irritation. **Ingestion** Toxic if swallowed.

Section 3 – Composition Information on Ingredients

| HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT | Hazardous Ingredient, Synonyms | PERCENT | CAS NUMBER |
|---|--|---------|------------|
| Methanol | Methyl alcohol, wood alcohol, carbinol, wood spirits, methyl hydroxide, methyl hydrate | ≥99% | 67-56-1 |
| Isopropanol | IPA, Rubbing Alcohol, Isopropyl Alcohol | <0.5 % | 67-63-0 |
| Benzyl alkyl pyridinyl quaternary ammonium chloride | Not Applicable | <0.5 % | 68909-18-2 |
| Morpholine | Diethylene imidoxide, Diethylene oximide, Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine, Tetrahydro-p- | <0.5 % | 110-91-8 |
| | oxazine | | |
| Ethoxylated amine | Not Applicable | <0.5 % | 91791-17-1 |
| Cyclohexylamine | 1-Aminocyclohexane;1- Cyclohexylamine;aminocyclohexane[qr];Amin | <0.5 % | 108-91-8 |



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ohexahydrobenzene;aminohexahydrobenzen e[qr];Aniline, hexahydro-;Benzenamine, hexahydro-;benzenamine,hexahydro-[qr] * = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary

Chemical Formula Not Applicable

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation Move casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Eye Contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower lids. Check for and remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison control center or physician.

Wash out mouth with water and give one half to one glass of water to dilute stomach contents. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute Poison. May be fatal if swallowed. If swallowed there is a risk of blindness. Toxic if

swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Ingestion causes nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects, headache, vomiting, dizziness, symptoms of drunkenness. Coma and death due to respiratory failure may follow severe exposures: Medical treatment necessary. A latent period of several hours may

occur between exposure and the onset of symptoms.

Delayed May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Note to Physician When plasma methanol concentration is higher than 20mg/dL, a 10% solution of

ethanol in 5% aqueous dextrose is an effective intravenous antidote.

Section 5 – Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash Point (°C) 11°C
Flash Point Method PMCC
Auto Ignition Temperature 464°C

Conditions of Flammability Flammable in the presence of a source of ignition when the temperature is above

the flash point. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/ hot surface. No

smoking.

Unsuitable Extinguising Media Water jet.



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Unusual Fire/

Explosion Hazard Vapors may collect in low spots and "flash back" from ignition sources.

Lower explosive limit = 6%, upper explosive limit = 36.5%

Hazardous Combustion

Products Carbon oxides

Special Protective Equipment and

Precautions for Firefighters Wear full firefighting gear and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for

protection against possible exposure..

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautionsUse personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe

areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.

Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter

drains. Discharge into the environmentmust be avoided.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up Contain free liquid if possible. Pick up by covering with an activated carbon

absorbent or other suitable inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, sawdust, general-purpose binder). Take up & place in closed containers. Ventilate area & wash spill site after material pickup is complete. Contain and dispose of wash water in

accordance with local regulations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away

from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build-up of

electrostatic charge.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Conditions
Incompatible Materials

Heat, Flames, Sparks.

erials Oxidizing materials. Acids, Acid anhydrides, Acyl halides and Alkyl halides.

Attacks copper, aluminum, zinc, nickel and cast iron.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient Name Exposure Limits

Methanol Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 200ppm STEL: 250ppm

ACGIH TLV

TLV: 200ppm (SKIN) STEL: 250ppm

OSHA PEL

200ppm (skin)

Isopropanol Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

STEL: 400ppm TWA: 200ppm ACGIH TLV

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TWA: 200ppm 8 Hours

STEL: 500ppm

OSHA PEL

TWA: 400ppm

Benzyl alkyl pyridinyl quaternary ammonium

chloride Morpholine

Ethoxylated amine

Exposure limits are not established for this component

Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 20ppm

ACGIH TLV

TWA: 20ppm OSHA PEL

Exposure limits are not established for this component

Cyclohexylamine Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 20ppm

TWA: 10ppm

ACGIH TLV

TWA: 20ppm

OSHA PEL

TWA: 20ppm

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical safety glasses with side shields to prevent eye contact. As a general rule

do not wear contact lenses when handling chemicals. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn: Splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this

is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Wear chemical resistant gloves, impermeable protective clothing and safety

shoes. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an

approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

General hygiene

Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Eye wash

fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Use explosion-proof

ventilation equipment.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid Water Solubility Completely miscible

Appearance & Odour Clear, colourless to pale Boiling Point 64.7°C

brown liquid. Alcohol odour.

Vapour Pressure 97.7 mmHg @ 20.0°C Boiling Range Not Applicable

Odour Threshold4.2 - 5960 ppmMelting Point<-40°C</th>Evaporation Rate4.1 (Butyl acetate = 1)Freezing Point<-40°C</td>Vapour Density1.11 (air = 1)Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)6 %



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Specific Gravity 0.79 Upper Explosive Limit 36 %

(UEL)

pH No data available. Partition coefficient (n- -0.77

octonal/water)

Flammability (Solid, Gas)

Decomposition Temperature Not applicable.

Not available. Viscosity 0.8 cP (20°C)

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

Reactions Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid Oxidizing materials. Acids, Acid anhydrides, Acyl halides and Alkyl halides.

Attacks copper, aluminum, zinc, nickel and cast iron.

Hazardous decomposition

Products Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon

oxides.

Other decomposition products - No data available

Section 11- Toxicological Information

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation May cause headache, nausea, dizziness, loss of coordination, central nervous

system depression, respiratory tract irritation, sensitivity to light, and/or blurred vision. Coma and death due to respiratory failure may follow severe exposures: Medical treatment necessary. A latent period of several hours may occur

between exposure and the onset of symptoms.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. **Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Poison. May be fatal if swallowed. If swallowed there is a risk of blindness.

Acute and Chronic Toxicity Poison. Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. If swallowed there is

a risk of blindness.

Acute toxicity

Product/Ingredient Name Exposure Result **Species** Dose 4 Hr LC50 Inhalation, vapour Rat 128.2mg/L Methanol LD50 Oral Rat 1187-2769mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rabbit 17100mg/kg LC50 Inhalation gas Rat 73mg/L 4 Hr Isopropanol LD50 Oral Rat 5045mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rabbit 12870mg/kg

Benzyl alkyl pyridinyl

quaternary ammonium No data available

chloride

LC50 Inhalation, vapour Rat 8mgL Not specified Morpholine LD50 Oral Rat 1910mg/kg -

Morpholine LD50 Oral Rat 1910mg/kg - LD50 Dermal Rabbit 500mg/kg -



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Ethoxylated amine No data available

LC50 Inhalation, vapour Rat 7500mg/m³ Not specified

Cyclohexylamine LD50 Oral Rat 300mg/kg - LD50 Dermal Rabbit 277mg/kg -

Skin corrosion/irritation No data available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components of this product (morpholine, cyclohexylamine) can cause serious

damage to eyes. Eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity Methanol may cause teratogenic/embryotoxic effects based on studies in

laboratory animals.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

Causes damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

This substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant,

repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard No aspiration toxicity classification.

Delayed and Immediate Effects and also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Short Term Exposure

Potential immediate Health Effects

Poison. Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed. If swallowed there is a risk of blindness. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs. Ingestion causes nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects, headache, vomiting, dizziness, symptoms of drunkenness, respiratory tract irritation. Coma and death due to respiratory failure may follow severe exposures: Medical treatment necessary. A latent period of several hours may occur between exposure and the onset of symptoms.

Potential Delayed Health Effects

Symptoms may be delayed. Toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin contact. Can cause metabolic acidosis, blindness, seizures, liver and kidney damage, unconsciousness, coma and death.

Long Term Exposure

Potential immediate Health Effects

No data available.

Potential Delayed Health Effects

No data available.

Potential Chronic Effects May cause liver and kidney damage.

Synergistic effects Alcohols may interact synergistically with chlorinated solvents (example - carbon

tetrachloride, chloroform, bromotrichloromethane), dithiocarbamates (example -

disulfiram), dimethylnitrosamine and thioacetamide.



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Section 12 - Ecological Information

Toxicity

| Product / Ingredient Name | Result LC50 15400mg/L | Species Fish – Lepomis macrochirus | Exposure 96 Hr |
|---|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Methanol | NOEC 7900mg/L EC50 >10000mg/L | Fish – Cryzias Latipes Daphnia – Daphnia magna | 200 Hr 48 Hr |
| Isopropanol | LC50 9640mg/L EC50 5102mg/L | Fish – Pimephales promelas Daphnia – Daphnia magna | 96 Hr 24 Hr |
| Benzyl alkyl pyridinyl quaternary ammonium chloride | No data available | , , | |
| Morpholine | LC50 380mg/L EC50 45mgL | Fish – Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia – Daphnia magna | 96 Hr 48 Hr |
| Ethoxylated amine | No data available | | |
| Cyclohexylamine | LC50 33mg/L ED50 36.3mg/L | Fish – Oryzias latimes Daphnia – Daphnia magna | 96 Hr 48 Hr |

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

Methanol aerobic

Result: 72 % - readily biodegradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 3-1D

Morpholine aerobic

Result: 93 % - readily biodegradable

Cyclohexylamine aerobic

Result: 92 % - readily biodegradable

Other components have unknown biodegradability.

Bioaccumulative potentialNo data available.Mobility in soilNo data available.PBT and vPvB assessmentNo data available.Other adverse effectsNo data available.

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Product This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with

an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service

to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

CANADA Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

Shipping Name UN1230, Methanol Solution, 3. PG II

Class 3 (6.1)
UN Number UN1230
Packaging Group:

Packaging Group: Label

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Environmental hazards Transportation in bulk,

Not a marine pollutant.

if applicable
Special Precautions

No data available No data available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

DSL (Canadian Domestic Substances List) and CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act)

All components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

TSCA Inventory (8b) All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

Section 16 – Other Information

REVISION SUMMARY:

Date of Preparation April 1, 2017
Date of Revision April 1, 2025

SDS Prepared by: CFR Lab Manager

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