

Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name
StaBreak 100

Synonyms
Not Applicable

Product Use
Glycol Demulsifier

Restrictions on Use
None known

Supplier
CFR Chemicals

38451 Range Road 22

County of Red Deer T4E 2N6

General Assistance 1 (877) 269-3419

Emergency Telephone 613-966-6666 (CANUTEC 24 Hour Phone Number)

Date of Preparation of SDS April 1, 2017

Section 2 – Hazard Identification

Signal Word GHS Pictogram(s)

Danger



Target Organs Narcotic Effects

Hazard Statement:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 + H320 Causes skin irritation and causes eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statement

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surface, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling

equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P271 P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Response Specific Treatment: see response statements on the label P321 P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE / DOCTOR. DO NOT induce vomiting. P331 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminate clothing. Rinse skin P303 + P361 + P353 with water / shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: get medical advice / attention. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P337 + P313 P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish. P370 + P378 Storage P403 + P233 Store in well-ventilated place. Keep contained tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal unit.

GHS Classification Flammable liquids (Category 3)

Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 4)
Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4)
Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2B)

Mutagenicity (Category 1B)
Carcinogenicity (Category 1B)
Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3 respiratory tract

irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3 narcotic effects)

Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard (Category 2)

HMIS Classification

Health Hazard 2
Chronic Health Hazard *
Flammability 3
Physical Hazards 0

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin.



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Eye Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Section 3 – Composition Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT	Hazardous Ingredient, Synonyms	PERCENT	CAS NUMBER
Naptha, petroleum, heavy catalytic reformed**	Heavy aromatic naptha; Heavy aromatic naptha, gasoline re-run overhead; Aromatic hydrocarbon mixture	15 – 40%	64741-68-0
Xylene (o, m, p isomers)	Xylenes; Xylol; methyl toluene, benzene, dimethyl-; dimethylbenzene.	10 – 30%	1330-20-7
Formaldehyde, polymer with 4- nonylphenol and oxirane	Not available	10 – 30%	30846-35-6
Isopropanol	2-propanol; IPA; Isopropyl Alcohol; 1-methylethanol; 1- methylethyl alcohol; 2- hydroxypropane; i-propanol; propan-2-ol; sec-propanol.	1 – 10%	67-63-0
Hexane	n-hexane, normal-Hexane; Hexyl hydride; n- Hexylhydride; n- Caproylhydride; Hexane, normale	1 – 10%	110-54-3
Ethylbenzene	Ethylbenzol; Phenylethane: alpha- Methyltoluene	1 – 5%	100-41-4
Toluene	benzyl hydride; methylbenzene; phenylmethane; toluol.	0.1 – 1%	108-88-3
Napthalene	White tar, Camphor tar, napthaline	0.1 – 1%	91-20-3
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene * = Various ** = Mixture *** = Pro * = Various ** = Mixture *** = Pro		95-63-6
Chemical Formula	Mixture	· r · · · · /	

Chemical Formula Mixture

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

Move victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that vas of vapour is still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison centre or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Eye Contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower lids. Check for and remove contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shows. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison control centre or physician.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 5 – Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash Point (°C) 15°C Flash Point Method PMCC

Auto Ignition Temperature No data available.

Conditions of Flammability Flammable in the presence of a source of ignition when the temperature is above

the flash point. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/ hot surface.

Extinguishing Media Dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguising Media Water jet.

Unusual Fire/

Explosion Hazard May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixtures.

Hazardous Combustion

Products Carbon oxides, formaldehyde.

Fire Fighting Equipment Wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapour

can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter

drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

containment and cleaning up

Contain free liquid if possible. Pick up by covering with an activated carbon absorbent or other suitable inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, sawdust, general-purpose binder). Take up & place in closed containers. Ventilate area & wash spill site after material pickup is complete. Contain and dispose of wash water in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away

from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build-up of

electrostatic charge.

Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Conditions to avoid Direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with

incompatible materials.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents. Lewis or mineral acids. Activated carbon.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient Name Exposure Limits

Kerosene Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Cote (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 200ppm

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Cote (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 100ppm, 435 mg/m³ 8 Hours STEL: 150ppm, 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes

Formaldehyde, polymer with 4-

nonylphenol and oxirane

None Established

Isopropanol Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Cote (table 2: OEL)

STEL: 400ppm TWA: 200ppm

Petroleum Naptha **None Established**

Ethylbenzene ACGIH

TWA: 20ppm 8 Hours STEL: 10000 ppm 15 minutes

OSHA PEL

TWA: 100 ppm, 435 mg/m³

Methanol Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Cote (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 200ppm STEL: 250ppm

Toluene Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Cote (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 50ppm

Napthalene ACGIH TLV

TWA: 10ppm

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Canada, Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Cote (table 2: OEL)

TWA: 25ppm

Personal protective equipment



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Eye/face protection Chemical safety glasses with side shields to prevent eye contact. As a general rule

do not wear contact lenses when handling chemicals.

Skin protection Wear chemical resistant gloves, impermeable protective clothing and safety

shoes.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an **Respiratory protection**

approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

General hygiene

Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety. Eye wash fountains

and safety showers must be easily accessible.

Specific engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust

> ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Use explosion-proof

ventilation equipment.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid	Water Solubility	Insoluble
Appearance & Odour	Clear, Orange liquid.	Boiling Point	>75°C
	Aromatic odour.		
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Boiling Point Range	Not applicable
Vapour Density	Not available	Melting Point	<-35°C
Specific Gravity	0.85 – 0.90	Freezing Point	<-35°C
Partition coefficient (n-	Not available	Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)	0.7% (est)
octonal/water)			
рН	Not available	Upper Explosive Limit (UEL)	36% (est)
Flashpoint (Method)	15°C (PMCC)	Auto Ignition temperature	250°C (est)
Odour Threshold	Not available	Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not available		
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Viscosity	Not available

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Heating may cause fire.

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions and use. May form

flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Flammable liquid and vapour.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur

Direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with

Strong oxidizing agents. Lewis or mineral acids. Activated carbon.

Carbon oxides. May include formaldehyde, and other irritating gases.

incompatible materials. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources

of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

Materials to avoid

Conditions to avoid

Hazardous decomposition



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Section 11- Toxicological Information

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation In high concentrations, vapours are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue,

dizziness and nausea.

Skin contact Prolonged or frequent contact may cause redness, itching, eczema and skin

cracking. Defats the skin.

Eye contact Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion of large amounts may cause unconsciousness. However, ingestion may

cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause irritation to the

mouth and throat.

Acute and Chronic Toxicity No data available

Acute toxicity

Product/Ingredient Name Naptha, petroleum heavy catalytic reformed	Result LC50 Inhalation gas LD50 Dermal	Species Rat Rabbit	Dose >5.04mg/L >2000mg/kg	Exposure 4 Hr 24 Hr
Xylene (o, m, p isomers)	LC50 Inhalation gas LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat Rabbit	6350ppm 3253mg/kg 12126mg/kg	4 Hr - 24 Hr
Formaldehyde, polymer with 4-nonylphenol and oxirane	No data available			
	LC50 Inhalation gas	Rat	73mg/L	4 Hr
Isopropanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12870mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.46g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation gas	Rat	>20mg/L	4 Hr
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12223mg/kg	-
Napthalene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 - 1780mg/kg	-
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20000mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	170 mg/m^3	4 Hr
1.2.4 trimethylbonzone	LC50 Inhalation gas	Rat	18000mg/m ³	4 Hr
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	50000mg/kg	-

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC:

Ethylbenzene 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Napthalene 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Xylene (o, m, p isomers) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

Not assigned.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Delayed and Immediate Effects and also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure

Short Term Exposure

Potential immediate Health Effects

No data available.

Potential Delayed Health Effects

No data available.

Long Term Exposure

PBT and vPvB assessment

Other adverse effects

Potential immediate Health Effects

Potential Delayed Health Effects

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Synergistic effects No data available

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Toxicity				
Product / Ingredient Name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Naptha, petroleum heavy catalytic reformed	Acute EC50 – 11mg/L	Pseudokirchneriella subcaptata	72 Hr	
Xylene (o, m, p isomers)	Acute LC50 13.1 - 16.5mg/L	Fish – Lepomis macrochirus	96 Hr	
	Acute LC50 13.5 – 17.3mg/L	Fish – Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 Hr	
Formaldehyde, polymer with 4-nonylphenol and oxirane	No data available			
Isopropanol	Acute LC50 9640mg/L	Fish – Pimephales promelas	96 Hr	
	Acute EC50 5102mg/L	Daphnia – Daphnia magna	24 Hr	
Ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4mg/L	Fish – Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 Hr	
	Acute EC50 1 – 4mg/L	Daphnia – Daphnia magna	48 Hr	
Toluene	Acute LC50 24mg/L	Fish – Onchohynchus mykiss	96 Hr	
	Acute EC50 84mg/L	Daphnia – Daphnia magna	24 Hr	
	Acute LC50 13mg/L	Fish – Lepomis macrochirus	96 Hr	
Napthalene	Acute LC50 305.2mg/L	Fish – Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 Hr	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 7.19 – 8.28mg/L	Fish – Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 Hr	
Persistence and degradability				
Biodegradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.			
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available			
Mobility in soil	No data available			

No data available

None known.



Date of Revision: March 15, 2022

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Product This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with

an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service

to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

CANADA Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

Shipping Name UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (Naptha), 3. PG II

Class 3

UN Number UN1993

Packaging Group:

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

DSL (Canadian Domestic Substances List)

and CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act)

All components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification

requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

TSCA Inventory Listed

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

Section 16 - Other Information

REVISION SUMMARY:

Date of Preparation April 1, 2017

Date of Revision March 15, 2022

SDS Prepared by: CFR Lab Manager

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